State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

HOUSE BILL 2822

AN ACT

REPEALING SECTIONS 32-2302, 32-2303, 32-2320 AND 41-3008.07, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 3-107, 3-363 AND 32-2301, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 32, CHAPTER 22, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 32-2302; AMENDING SECTIONS 32-2304, 32-2305, 32-2306, 32-2308, 32-2311, 32-2312, 32-2313, 32-2314, 32-2317, 32-2319, 32-2321, 32-2323, 32-2324, 32-2324.01, 32-2325, 32-2327, 32-2329, 36-606 AND 41-1092, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; PROVIDING FOR THE DELAYED REPEAL OF TITLE 32, CHAPTER 22, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Repeal

Sections 32-2302, 32-2303, 32-2320 and 41-3008.07, Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed.

Sec. 2. Section 3-107, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 3-107. Organizational and administrative powers and duties of the director

- A. The director shall:
- 1. Formulate the program and policies of the department and adopt administrative rules to effect its program and policies.
- 2. Ensure coordination and cooperation in the department in order to achieve a unified policy of administering and executing its responsibilities.
- 3. Subject to section 35-149, accept, expend and account for gifts, grants, devises and other contributions of money or property from any public or private source, including the federal government. All contributions shall be included in the annual report under paragraph 6 of this subsection. Monies received under this paragraph shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in special funds for the purpose specified, which are exempt from section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations.
- 4. Contract and enter into interagency and intergovernmental agreements pursuant to title 11, chapter 7, article 3 with any private party or public agency.
- 5. Administer oaths to witnesses and issue and direct the service of subpoenas requiring witnesses to attend and testify at or requiring the production of evidence in hearings, investigations and other proceedings.
- 6. Not later than September 30 each year issue a report to the governor and the legislature of the department's activities during the preceding fiscal year. The report may recommend statutory changes to improve the department's ability to achieve the purposes and policies established by law. The director shall provide a copy of the report to the Arizona state library, archives and public records.
- 7. Establish, equip and maintain a central office in Phoenix and field offices as the director deems necessary.
- 8. Sign all vouchers to expend money under this title, which shall be paid as other claims against this state out of the appropriations to the department.
- 9. Coordinate agricultural education efforts to foster an understanding of Arizona agriculture and to promote a more efficient cooperation and understanding among agricultural educators, producers, dealers, buyers, mass media and the consuming public to stimulate the production, consumption and marketing of Arizona agricultural products.

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- 10. Employ staff and terminate employment for cause as provided by title 41, chapter 4, article 5.
- 11. Conduct hearings on appeals of the portion of plow-up refunds withheld as a penalty pursuant to criteria adopted pursuant to section 3-1087, subsection B. The director may adopt rules to implement this paragraph.
- 12. Cooperate with the Arizona-Mexico commission in the governor's office and with researchers at universities in this state to collect data and conduct projects in the United States and Mexico on issues that are within the scope of the department's duties and that relate to quality of life, trade and economic development in this state in a manner that will help the Arizona-Mexico commission to assess and enhance the economic competitiveness of this state and of the Arizona-Mexico region.
- 13. GENERALLY SUPERVISE THE REGULATION OF STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 22, INCLUDING THE APPOINTMENT OF ADVISORY COMMITTEES UNDER SECTION 3-106.
 - B. The director may:
- 1. Authorize in writing any qualified officer or employee in the department to perform any act that the director is authorized or required to do by law.
- 2. Construct and operate border inspection stations or other necessary facilities in this state and cooperate by joint agreement with an adjoining state in constructing and operating border inspection stations or other facilities within the boundaries of this state or of the adjoining state.
- 3. Cooperate with agencies of the United States and other states and other agencies of this state and enter into agreements in developing and administering state and federal agricultural programs regarding the use of department officers, inspectors or other resources in this state, in other states or in other countries.
- 4. Cooperate with the office of tourism in distributing Arizona tourist information.
- 5. Enter into compliance agreements with any person, state or regulatory agency. For the purposes of this paragraph, "compliance agreement" means any written agreement or permit between a person and the department for the purpose of enforcing the department's requirements.
- 6. Abate, suppress, control, regulate, seize, quarantine or destroy any agricultural product or foodstuff that is adulterated or contaminated as the result of an accident at a commercial nuclear generating station as defined in section 26-301, paragraph 1. A person owning an agricultural product or foodstuff that has been subject to this paragraph may request a hearing pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.
- 7. Engage in joint venture activities with businesses and commodity groups that are specifically designed to further the mission of the department, that comply with the constitution and laws of the United States and that do not compete with private enterprise.

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8. Sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of personal property labeled with the "Arizona grown" trademark. Revenues received pursuant to this paragraph shall be credited to the commodity promotion fund established by section 3-109.02.

Sec. 3. Section 3-363, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 3-363. Rules

The director shall adopt rules to regulate pesticides $\frac{\text{which shall}}{\text{include provisions to:}}$

- 1. Administer and implement this article.
- 2. Prescribe measures to control, monitor, inspect and govern pesticide use.
 - 3. Prohibit or restrict pesticide use.
 - 4. Restrict the areas in which pesticide use may occur.
- 5. Prescribe minimum qualifications for all persons who engage in pesticide use, including, as appropriate, requirements that the persons have valid licenses, permits or certificates, have adequate training, including continuing education requirements and meet financial responsibility standards.
- 6. Prescribe appropriate record keeping and reporting requirements regarding pesticide use, except that the record keeping and reporting requirements for growers and certified private applicators who apply pesticides shall be equivalent to, but not more stringent than, the requirements prescribed under the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act (61 Stat. 163) and the food, agriculture, conservation and trade act of 1990 (P.L. 101-624; 104 Stat. 3359).
- 7. Prohibit pesticide use $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{minimize}}$ THAT is inconsistent with the pesticide label as required under the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act (61 Stat. 163).
- 8. Exempt from regulation under this article pesticide use that is regulated in title 32, chapter 22.
- 9. Issue licenses, permits and certificates for pesticide use, as appropriate, having terms of one or more years.
- 10. Charge and collect the following fees for each permit, license and certification under this article:
 - (a) Not to exceed twenty dollars per year for a grower permit.
 - (b) Not to exceed one hundred dollars per year for a seller permit.
- (c) Not to exceed one hundred dollars per year for a custom applicator license.
 - (d) Not to exceed fifty dollars per year for a pilot license.
- (e) Not to exceed fifty dollars per year for a pest control advisor license.
- (f) Not to exceed twenty-five dollars per year for a piece of equipment used to apply pesticides by a custom applicator.
- (g) Not to exceed fifty dollars per year for restricted use certification.

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- 11. Establish a nonexclusive list of acts and omissions that constitute serious, nonserious and de minimis violations of this article.
- 12. Establish a system of administrative penalties and fines for violations of this article and any rules adopted under this article. Under this system:
- (a) Violators shall be assessed a number of points for each violation, depending $\frac{\text{upon}}{\text{on}}$ ON such factors as:
- (i) Potential and actual consequences of the violation on public and worker health and safety and the environment.
 - (ii) Wrongfulness of the conduct.
 - (iii) Degree of culpability of the violator.
 - (iv) Duration of the violation.
 - (v) Prior violations or citations.
- (b) Penalties shall be assessed depending $\frac{\mbox{upon}}{\mbox{oN}}$ ON the number of points accrued by the violator.
 - Sec. 4. Section 32-2301, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-2301. <u>Definitions</u>

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "ACTING DIRECTOR" MEANS THE PERSON APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 32-2302 TO SERVE AS THE ACTING DIRECTOR OF THE AGENCY.
- 2. "AGENCY" MEANS THE STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL AGENCY ESTABLISHED BY SECTION 32-2302.
- 1. 3. "Branch office" means any fixed place of business, other than the primary office, where records are kept, mail is received, statements are rendered, money is collected, requests for service or bids are received or information pertaining to the business of structural pest control is given and from which the use of pesticides and devices is supervised by a certified LICENSED applicator or qualifying party.
- 2. 4. "Business license" means a license that is issued pursuant to this chapter to a person and that entitles that person and the person's employees to engage in the business of structural pest control.
- 3. 5. "Business of structural pest control" means engaging in, offering to engage in, advertising for, soliciting or performing structural pest control, including any of the following:
- (a) Identifying infestations or making inspections for the purpose of identifying or attempting to identify infestations of households or other structures and the surrounding area by any of the following:
 - (i) Public health pests.
 - (ii) Aquatic pests.
 - (iii) Household pests.
 - (iv) Wood-destroying insects.
- (v) Pests, including weeds, existing around structures, in ornamental shrubs and trees, on golf courses, along rights-of-way or in lawns and cemeteries.
 - (vi) Fungi.

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- (b) Making written or oral inspection reports, recommendations, estimates or bids with respect to infestations.
- (c) The application of pesticides or the making of contracts or submitting of bids for the application of pesticides or the use of devices for the purpose of eliminating, exterminating, controlling or preventing infestations.
- 4. "Commission" means the structural pest control commission established by section 32-2302.
- 5. 6. "De minimis violation" means a violation that, although undesirable, has no direct or immediate relationship to safety, health or property damage.
 - 7. "DEPARTMENT" MEANS THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 6. 8. "Device" means any mechanical, pesticide or electrical apparatus used in conjunction with, in place of or to supplement, disperse or dispense pesticides.
- 7.9. "Direct supervision" means use of a pesticide under the instructions, control and responsibility of a licensed applicator who is available if needed for consultation or assistance even though the licensed applicator is not physically present at the time and place the pesticide is used.
- 10. "DIRECTOR" MEANS THE DIRECTOR OF THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 11. "DIVISION" MEANS THE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION OF THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 8. 12. "Final grade treatment" means establishment of vertical barriers at the exterior of foundation walls in stem wall construction or at the exterior of grade beams in monolithic construction.
- 9. 13. "Fungi inspection report" means a written inspection report on a form approved by the $\frac{\text{commission}}{\text{commission}}$ AGENCY.
- $\frac{10.}{10.}$ 14. "Household pests" means pests, other than wood-destroying insects, that invade households or other structures, including rodents, vermin and insects.
- 11. 15. "Immediate supervision" means use of a pesticide by an employee acting under the instructions, control and responsibility of a licensed applicator who is within the direct line of sight or within hearing distance of the employee and who is available for consultation or assistance at the time and place the pesticide is used.
- 12. 16. "Initial termite corrective treatment" means the first treatment of any kind performed by a licensee after a treatment made prior to or during construction, excluding a treatment performed by a licensee who has performed the treatment prior to or during construction and is performed under warranty.
- 13. 17. "Inquiry" means information from the public or commission AGENCY staff of possible violations of this chapter, or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

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14. 18. "Integrated pest management" means a sustainable approach to managing pests that combines biological, cultural, physical and pesticide tools in a way that minimizes economic, health and environmental risks.
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- 15. 19. "License" means an approval granted by the commission AGENCY to act as an applicator or qualifying party or to operate a business of structural pest control in this state.
- $\frac{16.}{\text{commission}}$ 20. "Licensed applicator" means a person who is licensed by the $\frac{16.}{\text{commission}}$ AGENCY to apply pesticides in accordance with this chapter.
- $\frac{17.}{21.}$ "Other structures" includes railroad cars, boats, docks, motor vehicles or airplanes and their contents.
- 18. 22. "Pesticide" means any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used for defoliating plants or for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating insects, fungi, bacteria, microbes, weeds, rodents, predatory animals or any form of plant or animal life that is a pest and may infest or be detrimental to vegetation, humans, animals or households or be present in any environment.
- 19. 23. "Prior violation" means any violation for which disciplinary action was taken within a five-year period prior to the date of the violation for which current disciplinary action is sought.
- 20. 24. "Qualifying party" means an individual who is licensed by the commission AGENCY to ensure the supervision and training of all employees of a business licensee in the business of structural pest control.
- 21. 25. "Structural pest control" means controlling public health pests, aquatic pests, household pests, wood-destroying insects, fungi or other pests, including weeds, that exist near or around structures, in ornamental shrubs and trees, on golf courses, along rights-of-way or in lawns or cemeteries and all pesticide application that could be harmful to public health or the environment. Structural pest control does not include pesticide applications used directly in the commercial production of crops and animals if such applications are governed by the Arizona department of agriculture pursuant to title 3, chapter 2, articles 6 and 6.1.
 - 22. 26. "Weed" means any plant that grows where it is not wanted.
- 23. 27. "Wood-destroying insect INSPECTION report" means a written inspection report on a form approved by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR that is prepared in connection with the sale or refinancing of real property whether or not the report is used as part of the transaction.
- 24. 28. "Wood-destroying insects" means insects that attack, damage or destroy wood or wood-derivative products.
- Sec. 5. Title 32, chapter 22, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section 32-2302, to read:
 - 32-2302. <u>Structural pest control agency; acting director</u>
 - A. THE STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL AGENCY IS ESTABLISHED.
- B. THE DIRECTOR OF THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SHALL APPOINT AN OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE DEPARTMENT TO SERVE AS THE ACTING DIRECTOR OF

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THE AGENCY, UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF THE DIRECTOR AS PROVIDED BY THIS CHAPTER.

Sec. 6. Section 32-2304, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-2304. Powers and duties

- A. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADMINISTERING THIS CHAPTER, UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF THE DIRECTOR, AND shall:
- 1. Adopt rules that are necessary or proper for the administration of this chapter, including administrative provisions, EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS, health and safety provisions and provisions for the use, storage and application of pesticides and devices used in structural pest control.
- 2. Administer and enforce this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. Maintain a record of its acts and proceedings, including the issuance, refusal, renewal, suspension or revocation of licenses.
- 4. At least thirty calendar days before adoption of a rule, form or policy, mail a copy of notice of a proposed rule, form or policy adoption, including the text of the proposed rule, form or policy, to each business licensee who has made a request to the commission, except that if the commission finds that adoption of a rule is necessary for immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety and that notice is impractical, unnecessary or contrary to public interest it may adopt a rule without prior notice. Within thirty calendar days after the adoption of a statute by the legislature or approval of a rule by the governor's regulatory review council, the commission shall notify all business licensees in writing.
- 5. Hire inspectors as needed, considering recommendations of the executive director.
- 6. 2. Notify the business licensee, applicator and qualifying party in writing of any complaint against the business licensee, qualifying party or employee of the business licensee by the close of business on the tenth business day after the day on which the commission ACTING DIRECTOR initiated the complaint.
 - 7. Receive and appropriately respond to any inquiry.
- 8. Issue subpoenas for the taking of depositions, the production of documents and things and the entry on land for inspection and measuring, surveying, photographing, testing or sampling the property or any designated object or operation on the property relevant to the complaint.
- 9. List any complaint, inquiry, issue or matter it plans to discuss at a public meeting in the agenda for the meeting.
- 10. Make applicator license and qualifying party license test study materials available, at the commission's actual costs, to any interested person.
- 11. 3. Conduct or contract to conduct applicator license and qualifying party license tests at locations throughout this state. If the commission ACTING DIRECTOR contracts for these tests, the contracts may

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provide for specific examination fees or a reasonable range of fees determined by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR to be paid directly to the contractor by the applicant. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall make all efforts to contract with private parties to electronically administer the applicator and qualifying party license tests.

- 12. Refer all cases of termite treatments that are done before or during construction and that involve alleged criminal fraud to the criminal fraud division of the attorney general's office and refer any case the commission determines to contain information relating to a possible felony to the proper law enforcement agency.
- 13. 4. Maintain a computer system for the benefit and protection of the public that includes the following information on termite treatments that are done before or during construction, initial termite corrective projects, preventative termite treatments and wood-destroying insect inspection reports:
 - (a) The name of the individual who performed the work.
 - (b) The address or location of the work or project.
 - (c) The name of the pest control company.
 - (d) The name of the qualifying party.
 - (e) The applicator license numbers.
 - (f) The nature and date of the work performed.
- (g) Any other information that is required by $\frac{\text{the commission in its}}{\text{rules}}$ RULE.
- 14. Establish offices it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 15. Employ an executive director and other permanent or temporary personnel it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter and designate their duties.
- $\frac{16.}{100}$ 5. Investigate violations of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- $\frac{17.}{6}$ 6. Oversee the approval, content and method of delivery of continuing education courses.
- $\frac{18.}{100}$ 7. Deny a license to any person who has had a license revoked for a period of five years from the time of revocation.
- $\frac{19.}{8}$ 8. License applicators, qualifying parties and businesses in accordance with this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- 20. Prepare guidelines for an integrated pest management program for structural pest control practices at schools. On or before December 1 of each year, the commission shall report on the progress of preparing the guidelines to the governor, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives and shall provide a copy of the report to the secretary of state and the director of the Arizona state library, archives and public records. The guidelines shall include the following:

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(a) The identification of pests.
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- (b) The establishment of a monitoring and record keeping system for regular sampling and assessment of pest populations.
- (c) The determination of the pest population levels that can be tolerated based on aesthetic, economic and health concerns and setting action thresholds if pest populations or environmental conditions warrant remedial action
- (d) A plan to prevent pest problems through improved sanitation, waste management, physical barriers and the modification of habitats that attract or harbor pests.
- (e) The reliance on nontoxic, biological, cultural or natural control agents.
- (f) The use of pesticides, if necessary, with preference for products that are the least harmful to human health and the environment.
 - 21. 9. Require the payment of a penalty for any late license renewal.
- 22. 10. Require either completion of the continuing education requirement or successful completion of the license examination for failure to renew a license on time.
- $\frac{23}{11}$. Suspend a license if a licensee fails to renew the license within thirty calendar days of AFTER the renewal date.
- 24. 12. Refuse to issue a business license in a name that is not registered with the secretary of state or filed with the Arizona corporation commission.
- $\frac{25.}{13.}$ Adopt a wood-destroying insect inspection report form for use by business licensees.
- B. THE DIRECTOR MAY CHARGE TO THE HOLDER OF A BUSINESS LICENSE THE ACTUAL COST OF PROVIDING MAILED COPIES OF RULES, FORMS OR POLICIES THAT ARE PROPOSED FOR ADOPTION AND FOR EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS.
- C. THE ACTING DIRECTOR SHALL ADMINISTER AND ENFORCE THIS CHAPTER AND THE RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER.
 - B. D. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may:
- 1. Compel attendance of witnesses, administer oaths or affirmations and take testimony concerning all matters coming within $\frac{\text{it's}}{\text{IHE ACTING DIRECTOR'S jurisdiction}}$.
- 2. Require a person who seeks a license pursuant to this chapter to submit to the commission AGENCY a full set of fingerprints and the fees required by section 41-1750. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall submit the fingerprints and fees to the department of public safety for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section 41-1750 and Public Law 92-544. The department of public safety may exchange this fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.
 - 3. Enter into intergovernmental agreements.
- 4. With at least twenty-four hours' notice, request specific records from a business licensee, qualifying party or applicator at the person's place of business during normal business hours.

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- 5. Deny or revoke a license based on the information in the application or information that the commission ACTING DIRECTOR receives from the criminal background check.
- 6. On a showing of good cause by the business licensee, excuse a failure to timely comply with a records request.
- 7. Charge to the holder of a business license the actual cost of providing mailed copies of rules, forms or policies that are proposed for adoption.
- 8. Hire independent contractors to conduct inspections and take pesticide samples, soil samples or any other samples for purposes of testing the type and quantity of pesticides that are used in connection with pest control treatment.
 - 9. 7. Issue advisory notices for de minimis violations.
- 10. Notify a business licensee, qualifying party or licensed applicator of all requests for review of the business licensee's, qualifying party's or licensed applicator's records within ten business days of after the request.
- 11. 8. Require inspectors to be licensed applicators in all categories within their scope of work during their probationary period. Inspectors shall attend and complete an investigative training class that is prescribed by the commission within their probationary period ACTING DIRECTOR.
- $\frac{12.}{2}$ 9. Investigate alleged violations of all applicable federal and state statutes, and rules adopted or orders issued by the commission or alleged violations of any condition imposed by the commission in connection with a license.
- 13. Provide general technical advice, support and information concerning structural pest control to the public and the licensees.
- $\frac{14.}{10.}$ 10. Pursuant to section 32-2329, summarily suspend a license issued under this chapter to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public.
- 15. 11. Issue a corrective work order requiring a licensee to remedy deficiencies in treatment or to comply with this chapter or any rules adopted pursuant to this chapter before or after a formal hearing.
- $\frac{16.}{12.}$ Do at least one of the following in relation to unlicensed structural pest control business operations:
- (a) Issue a cease and desist order requiring an unlicensed structural pest control business to immediately cease operations.
- (b) Except as provided in section 32-2311, subsection \leftarrow D, impose on an unlicensed structural pest control business a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars for the first occurrence and not more than two thousand dollars for the second or subsequent occurrence.
- 17. Refer all cases for formal hearing to the office of administrative hearings.
- $\frac{18}{13}$. Refuse to issue a business license in a name that is likely to be misleading or to imply any distorted representation about the business.

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- 19. 14. Issue a renewable and revocable temporary qualifying party license to a licensed applicator who is a representative of a business licensee if the qualifying party becomes disassociated with the business licensee.
- 20. 15. Provide and conduct classes to train applicators and qualifying parties in preparation for license tests. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may assess a fee for each class. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may contract with a commercial enterprise or an accredited institution to conduct the class.
- 21. 16. Provide and conduct continuing education classes quarterly. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may assess a fee for each credit hour. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may contract with a commercial enterprise or an accredited institution to conduct the class under the supervision of commission AGENCY staff.
- 22. Appoint a member or employee of the commission to conduct an informal settlement conference with a licensee against whom an inquiry is received or a complaint is filed.
- 23. Prepare a consent order only after either an informal settlement conference is conducted pursuant to section 32-2321 or a formal hearing is conducted pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.
- 24. 17. Apply to the appropriate court, through the attorney general or county attorney, for an order enjoining any act or practice that constitutes a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter.
 - 25. Approve proposed consent orders.
 - 26. Annually prepare a strategic plan.
- C. E. Each completed form for a termite treatment that is done before or during construction, initial termite corrective treatment project or wood-destroying insect inspection report shall be accompanied by a fee. The initial fee is eight dollars. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may:
- 1. Adjust the fee upward or downward to a level that is calculated to produce sufficient revenue to carry out the functions prescribed under this section. $\frac{1}{1}$
- 2. Establish tiered fees according to the means of submission to encourage electronic submission of the termite action registration form. $\frac{\text{The commission may}}{\text{The commission may}}$
- 3. Assess a penalty of not to exceed one hundred dollars per form for failing to submit the required form or fee, or both, within thirty calendar days.
- D. The executive director serves at the pleasure of the commission. Compensation for the executive director and employees shall be determined pursuant to section 38-611.

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E. Subject to the limitations of section 41 2544, the executive director may enter into agreements for the purpose of enabling the commission to accept payment for fees imposed under this chapter by alternative payment methods, including credit cards, charge cards, debit cards and electronic funds transfers. Before the monies are transferred to the executive director pursuant to section 32 2305, the person collecting the fees shall deduct any amount charged or withheld by a company providing the alternative payment method under an agreement with the commission.
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F. In the enforcement of this article, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR or any of its duly authorized agents may enter with the authority of a warrant issued by a court of competent jurisdiction at reasonable times on any private or public property on which pesticides are located or are reasonably believed to be located to be used for purposes related to structural pest control. The owner, managing agent or occupant of the property shall permit entry for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the use, storage, application and disposal of pesticides.

G. The commission shall not delegate to its staff the powers and duties listed under:

1. Subsection A, paragraphs 1, 2, 12, 14, 18, 19, 20, 23 and 25 of this section.

2. Subsection B, paragraphs 3, 5, 7, 8, 14, 17, 18, 24 and 25 of this section.

Sec. 7. Section 32-2305, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-2305. <u>Structural pest control fund</u>

- A. A structural pest control commission fund is established.
- B. Pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, the executive director shall deposit ten per cent of all fees in the state general fund and deposit the remaining ninety per cent in the structural pest control commission fund. All monies collected from civil penalties shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the state general fund.
- C. Monies deposited in the structural pest control commission fund are subject to section 35-143.01 EXEMPT FROM THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 35-190 RELATING TO LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS.
 - Sec. 8. Section 32-2306, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-2306. <u>Annual and informational reports</u>

A. On or before $\frac{April 30}{ACTING}$ SEPTEMBER 30 of each year, the $\frac{commission}{ACTING}$ DIRECTOR shall submit a report regarding the number and types of termite treatments as $\frac{commission}{Action}$ reports MAINTAINED pursuant to section 32-2304, $\frac{commission}{Action}$ SUBSECTION E. The information shall be categorized according to the general type of treatment used, including pesticide, bait, mechanical, temperature and other methods of treatment. If pesticide treatment is used, the report shall include the active ingredient or trade name of the pesticide used.

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- B. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall submit COPIES OF the report to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, and the governor, and shall provide a copy of the report to the secretary of state and the director of the Arizona state library, archives and public records.
- C. If a buyer of real property makes a request to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall make available to the buyer an information report listing all termite treatments reported to the commission for the property. The wood-destroying insect inspection report shall state that a buyer may obtain the information report from the commission ACTING DIRECTOR.
 - Sec. 9. Section 32-2308, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-2308. <u>Joint responsibility for supervised persons</u>
- A. A business licensee, qualifying party or applicator may be held jointly responsible for the acts or omissions of another person who is under the supervision of the business licensee, qualifying party or applicator if the supervising licensee fails to properly train, equip or supervise the other person or fails to maintain records of proper training, equipping or supervising.
- B. Failure to timely and fully respond to commission requests BY THE ACTING DIRECTOR for information relating to training, equipping and supervising is a prima facie showing of a failure to properly train, equip or supervise. The supervising licensee has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence that the business licensee, qualifying party or applicator has fulfilled the required duties as prescribed by this chapter, rules adopted pursuant to this chapter or a written order of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR.
- Sec. 10. Section 32-2311, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2311. Persons not required to be licensed; civil penalties

- A. This $\frac{\text{article and articles 1 and 3 of this}}{\text{to:}}$ chapter $\frac{\text{do}}{\text{DOES}}$ not apply
- 1. Persons licensed or certified pursuant to title 3, chapter 2, article 6.
 - 2. Persons applying pesticides on property that they own and occupy.
- 3. Authorized representatives of any educational institution engaged in research in the study of pest control or a state agency engaged in research or the study of pest control.
- 4. Employees of political subdivisions or their designated agents while performing emergency response or rescue services.
- 5. Persons using a nonrestricted, ready to use disinfectant, sanitizer or deodorizer.
- 6. Except as provided in section 32-2307, persons who are conducting lawn, garden, shrub or tree maintenance and who apply herbicides for the purpose of weed control. This exemption does not apply to:

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- (a) The use of herbicides that are labeled with the words "restricted use" or "danger" and that are not commercially available to the general public.
 - (b) The use of sterilants.
 - (c) Persons who offer weed control as their primary service.
- (d) Persons who use application equipment that holds more than eight gallons of total mixed liquid herbicide.
- (e) Persons who use more than twenty-five pounds of a nonliquid herbicide.
 - (f) Persons who do not follow label and labeling directions.
- 7. A utility and the utility's employees if both of the following apply:
- (a) pest control services are immediately needed for an employee's health and safety in order for the employee to continue performing work tasks
- (b) A qualifying party ensures that employees who conduct pest control services are properly trained, supervised and equipped.
- B. AN EMPLOYEE OF A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION WHO ENGAGES IN STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL:
 - 1. IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE LICENSED UNDER SECTION 32-2313 OR 32-2314.
- 2. MUST BE LICENSED AS AN APPLICATOR UNDER SECTION 32-2312, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 4 OF THIS SECTION.
- B. C. A person who is exempt pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 6 of this section shall provide treatment records to each customer on application of herbicides for the purpose of weed control and shall retain records containing the same information provided to customers. For the purposes of this subsection, treatment records shall include all of the following:
 - 1. The address of the location of the herbicide application.
 - 2. The date of the herbicide application.
 - 3. The trade name or common name of the herbicide applied.
- \mathbb{C} . D. If a person is exempt pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 6 of this section but does not comply with subsection \mathbb{B} C of this section or if a PERSON IS NOT LICENSED UNDER THIS CHAPTER AND THE person is not exempt pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 6 of this section as a result of doing something prescribed in subsection A, paragraph 6, subdivisions (a) through (f) of this section, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall:
- 1. On a first violation, issue a written notice of correction that contains a warning and a copy of this section and that provides full notice of the exemption requirements.
- 2. On a second violation, impose a civil penalty of not more than two hundred fifty dollars.
- 3. On a third or any subsequent violation, impose a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars.

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Sec. 11. Section 32-2312, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2312. <u>Applicator licenses: application: categories: renewal: inactive licenses</u>

- A. An application for an applicator license shall be in a form prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and accompanied by the prescribed fee. The application shall set forth whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony and, if so, the nature of the felony, when and where it was committed and the disposition of the conviction.
- B. An applicant may apply for a license in any one or a combination of the following categories:
- 1. General and public health pest control, excluding control of wood-destroying insects, wood-destroying insect inspection, antimicrobial pest control, fungi inspection, right-of-way and weed control, fumigation, aquatic pest control and turf and ornamental horticulture pest control.
 - 2. Control of wood-destroying insects.
 - 3. Right-of-way and weed control.
 - 4. Fumigation.
 - 5. Turf and ornamental horticulture pest control.
 - 6. Antimicrobial pest control.
 - 7. Fungi inspection.
 - 8. Wood-destroying insect inspection.
 - 9. Aquatic pest control.
- 10. Other categories or subcategories based on practice in the industry and established by the commission in its rules RULE.
- C. An applicator shall pass an examination, given under the direction of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR, with a score of at least seventy-five per cent for each category in which the applicator is seeking licensure.
- D. An applicator shall be of good moral character. A felony conviction may demonstrate a lack of good moral character.
- E. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, each employee of a business licensee applying pesticides shall be licensed in all applicable categories within ninety calendar days $\frac{1}{2}$ AFTER employment.
- F. An unlicensed employee of a business licensee applying pesticides, other than for the treatment of termites, shall work under the direct supervision of a licensed applicator at all times.
- G. An unlicensed employee of a business licensee applying pesticides for the treatment of termites shall work under the immediate supervision of a licensed applicator at all times. Only one unlicensed employee at a time may be immediately supervised by a licensed applicator.
- H. A licensed applicator desiring to work in a category for which the applicator is not licensed shall become licensed in the category within thirty calendar days of AFTER beginning work.

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- I. Each applicator license shall be renewed $\frac{\text{annually}}{\text{and paying the prescribed}}$ by submitting a form prescribed by the $\frac{\text{commission}}{\text{commission}}$ ACTING DIRECTOR and paying the prescribed fee.
- J. An applicator may apply to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR for inactive license status. To reactivate an inactive license that has been inactive for one year or less, an applicator shall apply to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR. To reactivate an inactive license that has been inactive for more than one year, an applicator shall apply to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and shall either successfully complete the applicator license examination or, within twelve months preceding application for reactivation, complete continuing education as required pursuant to section 32-2319.

Sec. 12. Section 32-2313, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2313. <u>Business license; renewal; financial security;</u> definition

- A. A person who wishes to engage in the business of structural pest control shall first obtain a business license from the commission AGENCY as provided in this article. A person who is not exempt under this article and who advertises for, solicits or holds himself out as willing to engage in the business of structural pest control is presumed to be in the business of structural pest control.
 - B. An application for a business license shall:
 - 1. Be in a form prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR.
 - 2. Be accompanied by the prescribed fee.
- 3. Include the name and address of the qualifying party and written documentation of how the qualifying party will be active in the day-to-day management of the business licensee.
- 4. List all owners with more than a ten per cent ownership interest in the company, all corporate officers and members of the board of directors.
- C. A business licensee shall register each primary and branch office with the **commission** ACTING DIRECTOR before it opens for business.
- D. An applicant shall furnish the following to the $\frac{\text{commission}}{\text{DIRECTOR:}}$
- 1. Proof of financial responsibility consisting of either a deposit of money, liability insurance, SELF-INSURED RETENTION, a surety bond or a certified check protecting persons who may suffer legal damages as a result of the operations of the applicant. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall not accept a bond or a liability insurance policy unless issued by an insurer that holds a valid certificate of authority or that is permitted to transact surplus lines insurance in this state. The amount of the deposit, insurance, SELF-INSURED RETENTION or bond shall be at least three FIVE hundred thousand dollars for property damage and public liability insurance, each separately, and shall be maintained at not less than that amount at all times during the licensing period. The license of a business licensee who permits the security of either property damage or public liability insurance to fall

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below the sum of three WHOSE FINANCIAL SECURITY FALLS BELOW THE MINIMUM FIVE hundred thousand dollars shall be suspended by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and shall remain suspended until the security meets the minimum financial SECURITY requirement. The property damage and public liability insurance FINANCIAL SECURITY need only cover those particular operations in which the licensee is engaged at any time. If the financial security is in the form of liability insurance or a surety bond, the insurer or surety shall provide LICENSEE SHALL FURNISH THE ACTING DIRECTOR WITH a certificate of coverage that indicates the coverages and endorsements required by this subsection ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE ACTING DIRECTOR.

- 2. Either of the following if the business licensee performs termite treatments:
- (a) Proof of a surety bond in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars per business license for actual damages, including reasonable costs of collection suffered by persons as a result of termite damage due to negligent treatment.
- (b) Proof of a liability insurance policy rider in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars per business license that covers termite damage due to negligent treatment.
- 3. If the business licensee provides wood-destroying insect inspection reports or fungi inspection reports, proof of a surety bond or a liability insurance policy rider in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars per business license for actual damages plus reasonable costs of collection suffered by persons as a result of errors and omissions contained in the reports.
- 4. If an insurance policy provides for a deductible, the deductible amount shall be limited to ten thousand dollars NOT EXCEED ONE PER CENT OF THE TOTAL FINANCIAL SECURITY for each occurrence. If the deductible amount is in excess of ten thousand dollars ONE PER CENT OF THE TOTAL FINANCIAL SECURITY for each occurrence, the business licensee shall provide other security as provided in this subsection or other evidence of financial security for the excess deductible amount.
- 5. If the financial security is in the form of liability insurance, a licensee shall maintain a coverage endorsement for pesticides and herbicides, fumigation, care, custody and control, rights-of-way, wood-destroying insect inspection report errors and omissions, fungi inspection report errors and omissions and pollution transit for its applicable license categories.
- E. If the PROOF OF financial security is in the form of liability insurance ON FILE WITH THE AGENCY EXPIRES, the business license is automatically suspended until a current certificate of insurance or proof of financial responsibility is furnished to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR.
- F. Each business licensee shall annually renew the business license and each office registration on or before January 1 THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE LICENSE by filing renewal forms prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and paying the prescribed renewal fees. If a business licensee

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fails to renew the business license as required by this subsection, the licensee shall not engage in the business of structural pest control.

- G. Each branch office of a business licensee shall be supervised by a licensed applicator or qualifying party who is licensed in all categories in which the branch office operates.
- H. For the purposes of this section, "financial security" means liability insurance, a deposit of cash or certified monies, a surety bond or other equivalent item.
- Sec. 13. Section 32-2314, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2314. Qualifying party; license; examination; inactive status; temporary license

- A. An application for a qualifying party license shall be in a form prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and accompanied by the prescribed fee. The application shall set forth whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony and, if so, the nature of the felony, when and where it was committed and the disposition of the conviction.
- B. A qualifying party may apply for a license in any one or a combination of the following categories:
- 1. General and public health pest control, excluding control of wood-destroying insects, wood-destroying insect inspection, antimicrobial pest control, fungi inspection, right-of-way and weed control, fumigation, aquatic pest control and turf and ornamental horticulture pest control.
 - 2. Control of wood-destroying insects.
 - 3. Right-of-way and weed control.
 - 4. Fumigation.
 - 5. Turf and ornamental horticulture pest control.
 - 6. Antimicrobial pest control.
 - 7. Fungi inspection.
 - 8. Wood-destroying insect inspection.
 - 9. Aquatic pest control.
- 10. Other categories or subcategories based on practice in the industry and established by the commission in its rules RULE.
 - C. An applicant for qualifying party licensure shall:
- 1. Pass an examination, given under the direction of the $\frac{\text{commission}}{\text{ACTING DIRECTOR}}$, with a score of seventy-five per cent or more.
- 2. Present evidence satisfactory to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR that the person has sufficient education or experience in the use of or supervising the use of a pesticide covered by each category for which the person is applying as demonstrated by having had within five years immediately preceding application either:
- (a) Three thousand verifiable hours of practical experience in the business of structural pest control.

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- (b) Two thousand verifiable hours of practical field experience in the business of structural pest control and have successfully completed at least twelve semester hours or its equivalent in entomology, the eradication or control of weeds, general horticulture, plant pathology or any combination of these subjects directly related to each category for which the person is applying.
- 3. Be of good moral character. A felony conviction may demonstrate a lack of good moral character.
- D. The examination shall test the qualifying party's knowledge of pests and the use, storage and application of pesticides and other devices used in the eradication of pests within the category for which the person is applying.
- E. A qualifying party shall have an inactive qualifying party license status if the qualifying party is not currently acting as a qualifying party for a business licensee. To reactivate an inactive license that has been inactive for one year or less, a qualifying party shall apply to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR to qualify a business license. To reactivate an inactive license that has been inactive for more than one year, a qualifying party shall apply to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR to qualify a business license and shall either successfully complete the license examination or, within twelve months preceding application for reactivation, complete continuing education as required pursuant to section 32-2319.
- F. If the commission ACTING DIRECTOR issues a renewable and revocable temporary qualifying party license pursuant to section 32-2304, the temporary qualifying party qualification LICENSE is valid for sixty calendar days and may be renewed only on approval of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR if good cause is established for delay in the procurement of a qualifying party license. Under the temporary qualifying party license, a business licensee shall otherwise fully comply with the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
 - G. A person acting as a qualifying party shall:
- 1. Be active in the management of the business licensee by being present at the business office location each month to review pesticide use, storage and disposal and by ensuring the supervision and training of the employees of the business.
- 2. During normal business hours, be readily available to the licensed applicators and employees of the business licensee.
- H. A qualifying party shall renew a qualifying party license annually by submitting a form prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and a fee prescribed by section 32-2317. A qualifying party shall furnish to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR proof of completion of continuing education as prescribed by section 32-2319. Successful completion of the qualifying party license examination for each category may be substituted for the continuing education requirement. Continuing education hours used for renewal of a

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qualifying party's applicator license may be used for the qualifying party's license renewal.

Sec. 14. Section 32-2317, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2317. Fees

- A. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall establish and collect fees that may include service charges allowed pursuant to section 32-2304 for persons who pay with alternative payment methods, including credit cards, charge cards, debit cards and electronic transfers, but that may not exceed the following amounts:
- 1. Qualifying party license application fee, one hundred fifty dollars.
 - 2. Qualifying party license renewal fee, one hundred fifty dollars.
- 3. Qualifying party license renewal fee, inactive status, twenty-five dollars.
- 4. Temporary qualifying party license application fee, twenty-five dollars.
 - 5. Business license application fee, one hundred dollars.
 - 6. Business license renewal fee, one hundred dollars.
 - 7. Branch office registration application fee, fifty dollars.
 - 8. Branch office registration renewal fee, fifty dollars.
 - 9. Late renewal penalty fee, double the prescribed renewal fee.
- 10. Qualifying party license status change, inactive to active, one hundred twenty-five dollars.
 - 11. Applicator license application, thirty dollars.
 - 12. Applicator license annual renewal, twenty-five dollars.
 - 13. Duplicate license identification card, ten dollars.
- B. The commission AGENCY may charge AND COLLECT additional fees for services that the commission deems ACTING DIRECTOR CONSIDERS TO BE appropriate to carry out its THE intent and purpose OF THIS CHAPTER. These additional fees shall not exceed the costs of rendering the services.
- Sec. 15. Section 32-2319, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2319. Continuing education

- A. In order to satisfy continuing education requirements, a licensee shall verify attendance at programs of instruction that are overseen and approved by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and that are designed to augment the proficiency of the licensed applicator or qualifying party relating to structural pest control.
- B. If one individual holds both an applicator license and a qualifying party license, the completion of a minimum of six hours of continuing education in the preceding year for the applicator license satisfies the continuing education requirements for both the applicator license and qualifying party license.

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Sec. 16. Section 32-2321, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2321. <u>Disciplinary action: grounds: procedure: judicial</u> review

- A. After AN OPPORTUNITY FOR a formal hearing or pursuant to a consent order, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR may take any of the following disciplinary actions, in combination or alternatively:
 - 1. Revoke a license.
 - 2. Suspend a license.
 - 3. Refuse to renew a license.
- 4. Impose probation requirements that require a business licensee, licensed applicator or qualifying party to comply with one or more specific provisions of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter and that require reporting by or monitoring of the business licensee, licensed applicator or qualifying party.
- 5. Impose a civil penalty in an amount of not more than one thousand dollars for each violation except for grounds prescribed in subsection B, paragraphs 8 and 9 of this section.
- 7. 6. Require a qualifying party to report to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR the qualifying party's role in the management of a business license.
 - 6. 7. Issue an administrative warning.
 - B. The following acts are grounds for disciplinary action:
- 1. Violating this chapter, rules adopted pursuant to this chapter or a written order of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR.
 - 2. Making false or fraudulent records or reports.
 - 3. Misrepresenting a material fact in obtaining a license.
- 4. Applying pesticides in a manner that is inconsistent with the label requirements of the pesticide or that may cause undue harm to the public.
- 5. Misuse of a pesticide if the misuse is due to training received or not received or lack of appropriate supervision. Proper training includes training to read and understand the label and labeling and to understand the proper use of application equipment. Proper supervision includes oversight of applicators to ensure general compliance with the label, labeling and all applicable laws.
- 6. Authorizing, directing or abetting the publication, advertisement, distribution or circulation of any false statement or material misrepresentation concerning a business of structural pest control.
- 7. Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor arising from or in connection with a license issued pursuant to this chapter after issuance of the license.
 - 8. Conviction of a felony.
- 9. Having had a license, or the equivalent, to apply pesticides or engage in the business of structural pest control suspended or revoked in another jurisdiction for cause.

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- 10. Making a fraudulent statement or an intentional material misrepresentation in connection with a wood treatment proposal or a wood-destroying insect inspection report.
- 11. Repeated THREE OR MORE de minimis violations of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.
- 12. Failure to provide the commission ACTING DIRECTOR with a current certificate of insurance or proof of financial responsibility.
- 13. Failure to establish a complete vertical barrier at the exterior of foundation walls in stem wall construction or exterior of grade beams in monolithic construction within twelve months of the original treatment made before or during construction.
- 14. Immediately supervising more than one unlicensed applicator at a time.
- 15. Failure to make and maintain true and accurate records of treatments performed, including those performed under warranty or guarantee, for at least three years from date of treatment except any record of a termite treatment, a wood-destroying insect inspection report or a fungi inspection report, which shall be made and maintained for at least five years from the date of treatment or inspection.
- 16. Failure to make treatment records available within three business days on request of the property owner, the property owner's authorized agent or a commission representative OF THE AGENCY.
- C. Except as provided in section 32-2329, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR may proceed against a business licensee pursuant to subsection A, paragraphs 1 through 5 of this section only if, after AN OPPORTUNITY FOR a hearing, it has been shown that any of the following applies:
- 1. The business licensee has committed a prior violation of the same type, including any violation by any employee of the business licensee.
- 2. The business licensee failed to follow a written order of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR directing it to correct a deficiency or problem within the time specified.
- 3. The business licensee has knowingly assumed operations for a business licensee whose license has been revoked and during the first three years after revocation allows the former licensee to play an active role in company policy, decisions, sales or supervision of employees.
 - 4. The business licensee is convicted of a felony.
- 5. The business licensee is determined by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR to have committed a violation in connection with a treatment before or during construction.
- 6. The business licensee changes its name or majority ownership of the business and fails to:
- (a) Report to the commission ACTING DIRECTOR within thirty calendar days the status of all warranties issued by the licensee.
- (b) Notify within thirty calendar days all persons who hold warranties issued by the licensee regarding the change.

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- 7. The business licensee fails to provide written notice immediately following a pest control treatment in or around residential structures of four or fewer units to the person requesting the treatment or to the person's designated agent. The notice shall include the specific pesticide by trade name used in the treatment.
- 8. The business licensee performing pest control treatments on an ongoing basis to locations other than residential structures of four or fewer units fails to provide written notice to the person who requested the treatments or the person's designated agent. Notice shall be given before the first application of the pesticide and when new or additional pesticides are used or immediately after each treatment.
- 9. If the treatments are performed in the interior of residential units, the licensee fails to leave a notice in the interior of each treated unit immediately after each treatment. The notice shall include the pesticide by trade name and any other information as required by the pesticide label or local ordinance.
- 10. A statement of precaution does not accompany each notification of treatment required in paragraphs 7, 8 and 9 of this subsection. Each statement of precaution shall be printed conspicuously, in not less than eight point type, and shall include the words:

Warning--pesticides can be harmful. Keep children and pets away from pesticide applications until dry, dissipated or aerated. For more information contact [business license name and business license number] at [telephone number].

- 11. The business licensee fails within thirty calendar days of AFTER completion of a termite treatment that is done before or during construction, an initial termite corrective treatment project or a wood-destroying insect inspection report, to file with the commission AGENCY, in a form approved by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR, all data required by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR. The data shall include:
 - (a) The name of the individual who performed the work.
 - (b) The address or location of the work or project.
 - (c) The type and the date of the work.
 - (d) The name of the business licensee.
 - (e) The name of the qualifying party.
 - (f) The applicator's license number.
- (g) Any other information required by $\frac{\text{the commission in its rules}}{\text{RULE}}$.
- 12. The business licensee, within twelve months of AFTER completion of a termite treatment that is done before or during construction, fails either to file a supplemental termite action report in a form provided by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR that indicates the completion of the final grade treatment or to report in writing why the treatment has not been completed and when it will be completed.

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D. Nothing in subsection C, paragraph 3 of this section shall be deemed to prohibit a business licensee from directly purchasing accounts from a licensee whose license has been revoked if the purchase is made within such time after the revocation as the commission ACTING DIRECTOR by rule may establish.

E. Before taking any action pursuant to this section, the commission shall notify in writing interested persons and the licensee before the date of the hearing pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10 either personally or by certified mail at the last address known to the commission. The written notice shall contain the nature of the charge or charges against the licensee and the time and place of the hearing before the commission on the charges.

F. E. A license may be suspended without a hearing as prescribed in section 32-2329 or if its holder fails within thirty calendar days to:

- 1. Pay renewal fees.
- 2. Pay civil penalties.
- 3. Demonstrate the completion of required continuing education.
- G. F. The holder of a license suspended under subsection F E of this section must apply to the COMMISSION ACTING DIRECTOR for reinstatement.
- H. G. Licenses suspended under subsection \vdash E of this section are automatically revoked without a hearing after one year of suspension. Licenses revoked under this section are not subject to section 32-2304, subsection A, paragraph $\frac{18}{18}$ 7.
 - I. H. All complaints shall be in writing.

J. If the commission appoints a member or employee of the commission to conduct an informal settlement conference with the complaining party pursuant to section 32-2304, the purpose of the informal settlement conference is to reach agreement as to the disposition of all or a portion of the complaint, including any agreement providing for repairing or rectifying the conditions specified in the complaint. The settlement conference shall be conducted informally and the rules of evidence do not apply. The settlement conference shall not be recorded. Participants in the settlement conference may ask questions of the complainant and may review any materials or reports compiled by the commission with respect to the complaint.

K. If the commission prepares a consent order pursuant to section 32-2304, after either an informal settlement conference conducted pursuant to subsection J of this section or a formal hearing by the commission conducted pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10, the consent order shall only set forth the general nature of the inquiry or complaint, the specific action to be taken by the licensee or business licensee, the penalty, if any, and the time for compliance, if any, for any corrective action to be taken.

L. I. Except as provided in section 41-1092.08, subsection H, final decisions of the commission ACTING DIRECTOR are subject to judicial review pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

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M. J. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall consider only an inquiry received or complaint filed within five years of AFTER the date of the alleged act or omission.

N. K. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may issue an advisory notice stating de minimis violations of statutes or rules that carry no penalty, unless the person subject to this chapter wilfully and repeatedly violates the statute or rule. For wilful and repeated violations, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR may take disciplinary action against the person for a violation.

0. If the commission finds a violation or the commission enters into a consent agreement, the commission:

1. Shall not delete the record of the complaint for at least five years following the filing of the complaint.

2. Shall include information from the inquiry in the record of complaint. If no violation is found, the information from the inquiry shall be deleted.

P. L. Only this chapter applies to, regulates and determines all requirements regarding licensure, licensure fees, testing and education related to structural pest control in this state. Only this chapter applies to, regulates and determines all requirements regarding the business of structural pest control, including the application or notification of use or disposal of pesticides for structural pest control in this state.

Q. M. For purposes of filing or submitting all documents or fees required under this chapter, service is considered complete if postmarked on the proper date and delivered by first class mail or a higher class.

Sec. 17. Section 32-2323, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2323. <u>Wood-destroying insects: treatment proposal:</u> registration form; fee

A. A business licensee shall not commence work on a contract or sign, issue or deliver any documents expressing an opinion or making a statement relating to the presence or absence of wood-destroying insects in a structure until an inspection is made.

B. Only an applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY licensed in the categories of wood-destroying insect control and wood-destroying insect inspection shall prepare a treatment proposal on a form approved by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR and shall deliver a copy of the treatment proposal to the person requesting the proposal, or the person's designated agent, before beginning treatment. The treatment proposal shall include the following information:

- 1. The address of the property to be treated.
- 2. A statement describing that the work is preventative or corrective.
- 3. A statement describing the evidence of infestation or damage.
- 4. A diagrammatic description showing the nature and location of evidence of infestation or damage, or both, if applicable.

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- 5. A statement describing the treatment or repair method, including the name of the pesticide, agent or device to be used and a diagrammatic description showing where the treatment or repair will be rendered.
 - 6. The price for the work.
- 7. The terms for the service agreement provided by the business licensee.
- 8. The signature and license number of the person who made the inspection of the structure to be treated.
- C. A licensee shall also give to the person requesting a proposal a written recommendation that verifies a particular problem and, in addition to the licensee's recommendation for treatment, shall advise the person of alternative treatments and methods, including integrated pest management methods to alleviate the problem.
- D. A treatment proposal shall not be in the same form or be construed as a wood-destroying insect inspection report. A treatment proposal that does not identify infestation by wood-destroying insects is not a binding statement as to the presence or absence of wood-destroying insects.
- E. A treatment proposal shall be prepared by a licensed applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY who has received at least five hours of instruction from the commission AGENCY or an in-house education program of a business licensee on the subject of wood-destroying insect inspections. An examination on the instruction is not required. The business licensee shall keep a record of completion of the training and shall make the record available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.
- F. If a business licensee performs a treatment pursuant to a treatment proposal, the business licensee shall maintain for five years a record of the treatment and the name and quantity of the pesticide used.
- G. Within thirty calendar days after completion of a termite treatment or on the next business day after the thirty calendar days, a business licensee shall file with the commission AGENCY in a form or format approved by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR a complete and accurate termite action registration form and a fee as prescribed by the commission ACTING DIRECTOR. The termite action registration form shall include information prescribed in section 32-2321, subsection C, paragraph 11 and this section. This subsection only applies to the following:
- 1. Any treatments done before or during construction, including final grade treatments.
- 2. The first preventative or corrective termite treatment by a business licensee to a site. If the business licensee who performed this termite treatment performed the before or during construction treatment at the same site and filed a termite action report form with the commission AGENCY documenting the before or during construction treatment, the business licensee is exempt from this paragraph.
 - 3. A wood-destroying insect inspection report.

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Sec. 18. Section 32-2324, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2324. <u>Wood-destroying insect inspection reports</u>

- A. Wood-destroying insect inspection reports may only be completed by an applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY who is licensed in the categories of control of wood-destroying insects and wood-destroying insect inspection and who has received at least five hours of instruction from the commission AGENCY OR THE FORMER STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL COMMISSION or an in-house education program of a business licensee on the subject of wood-destroying insect inspection reports. An examination on the instruction is not required. The business licensee shall keep a record of completion of the training and shall make the record available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.
- B. Wood-destroying insect inspection reports shall be on file in the office of the business licensee within seven calendar days after the completion of an inspection. The business licensee shall retain a copy of all completed wood-destroying insect inspection reports for five years and make the reports available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.
- C. Wood-destroying insect inspection reports are evidence of the existence or absence of wood-destroying insects that were visible and accessible to an inspector on the date the inspection was made. A business licensee remains responsible for the accuracy of the inspection and the report as evidence of the presence or absence of infestation on the date of inspection, except that a wood-destroying insect inspection report shall not be construed as a guarantee as to the presence or absence of wood-destroying insects in a structure after the date of inspection.
- Sec. 19. Section 32-2324.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2324.01. Fungi inspection reports

- A. Fungi inspection reports may only be completed by a licensed applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY who is licensed in the fungi category and who has received at least eight hours of instruction from the commission AGENCY OR THE FORMER STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL COMMISSION or an in-house education program of a business licensee on the subject of fungi inspection and inspection reports. An examination on the instruction is not required. The business licensee shall keep a record of the completion of the training and shall make the record available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.
- B. Fungi inspection reports shall be on file in the office of the business licensee within seven calendar days after the completion of an inspection. The business licensee shall retain a copy of all completed fungi inspection reports for five years and make the reports available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.

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- C. Fungi inspection reports are evidence of the existence or absence of fungi that was visible and accessible to an inspector on the date the inspection was made. A business licensee remains responsible for the accuracy of the inspection and the report as evidence of the presence or absence of fungi on the date of inspection, except that a fungi inspection report shall not be construed as a guarantee as to the presence or absence of fungi in a structure after the date of inspection.
- D. Licensees who are licensed in the wood destroying organism category by September 18, 2003, are permitted to perform the business of structural pest control in the fungi category until June 30, 2004. After that date, any person performing a fungi inspection shall be licensed in the fungi category.
- E. D. The commission ACTING DIRECTOR shall approve a fungi inspection report FORM for use in fungi inspections.
- Sec. 20. Section 32-2325, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2325. Unlawful acts

A person shall not:

- 1. Engage in the business of structural pest control without holding a business license issued pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Engage in the business of structural pest control in any category without a qualifying party licensed in that category.
- 3. Operate a branch office without employing a licensed applicator or qualifying party under whose direct supervision pesticide applications are made out of that office.
- 4. Apply pesticides in any category other than the control of wood-destroying insects unless the person is an applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY licensed in that category pursuant to this chapter or applies the pesticides under the direct supervision of an applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY licensed in that category pursuant to this chapter.
- 5. Apply pesticides for the control of wood-destroying insects unless both of the following apply:
- (a) The person is an applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY licensed in that category pursuant to this chapter or the person applies the pesticides under the immediate supervision of a licensed applicator.
- (b) The person has received at least five hours of instruction from the commission AGENCY OR THE FORMER STRUCTURAL PEST CONTROL COMMISSION or an in-house education program of a business licensee on the subject of control of wood-destroying insects that is appropriate for the specific type of application performed. An examination on the instruction is not required. A business licensee shall keep a record of completion of the training and shall make it available on the commission's ACTING DIRECTOR'S request.
- 6. Make recommendations regarding structural pest control unless the person is a licensed applicator OR QUALIFYING PARTY.

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7. Deny to a commission AN AUTHORIZED inspector the right to be present on a jobsite in connection with a contemporaneous pest control treatment for the purpose of taking samples, including pesticide samples and soil samples.

Sec. 21. Section 32-2327, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2327. <u>Injunctive relief</u>

In addition to all other remedies, the commission ACTING DIRECTOR, either through the attorney general or the county attorney, may apply to the appropriate court for an order enjoining any act or practice which THAT appears to constitute a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. On a proper showing, a temporary restraining order, a preliminary injunction or a permanent injunction shall be granted without bond.

Sec. 22. Section 32-2329, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-2329. <u>Summary suspension</u>

At a public meeting, The commission ACTING DIRECTOR may summarily suspend, without a formal hearing, any license issued by the commission PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER if the commission deems it ACTING DIRECTOR CONSIDERS IT TO BE necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public. A summarily suspended license remains suspended until the next meeting of the commission. The commission may remove a summary suspension or continue a summary suspension after a review at a commission meeting or may revoke a license as provided in section 32-2321.

Sec. 23. Section 36-606, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 36-606. Pesticide illness: medical education: reports

- A. The director of the department of health services shall develop and implement, in cooperation with rural health clinics, county health departments, state and local medical associations, poison control centers and other appropriate health care professionals, a system for reporting and preventing pesticide provoked illnesses. This program shall include:
- 1. Medical education programs to alert health care professionals to the symptoms, diagnosis, treatment and reporting of pesticide provoked illnesses.
 - 2. A statewide reporting network, which shall:
- (a) Require health care professionals and poison control centers to file incident reports of an illness which THAT they reasonably believe, based on professional judgment, to be caused by or related to documented exposure to a pesticide.
- (b) Catalogue and retrieve data regarding pesticide poisoning for use in worker and public health education programs to prevent pesticide poisoning.

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B. The health care professional or poison control center required to file an incident report required pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 2, subdivision (a), shall specifically indicate in the incident report the reason for believing that the illness is caused by or related to documented exposure to a pesticide and shall specify if the illness is caused by the documented exposure or is related to the documented exposure. All incident reports shall be filed with the director. The director shall provide to the Arizona department of agriculture all records, reports and information of all illnesses resulting from documented exposure to agriculture pesticides and shall provide to the structural pest control commission AGENCY all records, reports and information of all illnesses resulting from documented exposure to structural pesticides.

Sec. 24. Section 41-1092, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1092. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Administrative law judge" means an individual or an agency head, board or commission that sits as an administrative law judge, that conducts administrative hearings in a contested case or an appealable agency action and that makes decisions regarding the contested case or appealable agency action.
- 2. "Administrative law judge decision" means the findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations or decisions issued by an administrative law judge.
- 3. "Appealable agency action" means an action that determines the legal rights, duties or privileges of a party and that is not a contested case. Appealable agency actions do not include interim orders by self-supporting regulatory boards or rules, orders, standards or statements of policy of general application issued by an administrative agency to implement, interpret or make specific the legislation enforced or administered by it, nor does it mean or include rules concerning the internal management of the agency that do not affect private rights or interests. For the purposes of this paragraph, administrative hearing does not include a public hearing held for the purpose of receiving public comment on a proposed agency action.
- 4. "Director" means the director of the office of administrative hearings.
- 5. "Final administrative decision" means a decision by an agency that is subject to judicial review pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.
 - 6. "Office" means the office of administrative hearings.
 - 7. "Self-supporting regulatory board" means any one of the following:
 - (a) The ARIZONA state board of accountancy.
 - (b) The state board of appraisal.
 - (c) The board of barbers.
 - (d) The board of behavioral health examiners.

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3
           (g) The board of cosmetology.
               The state board of dental examiners.
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           (h)
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           (i)
               The state board of funeral directors and embalmers.
           (j) The Arizona game and fish commission.
 6
           (k) The board of homeopathic medical examiners.
 7
 8
           (1)
               The Arizona medical board.
 9
           (m)
               The naturopathic physicians board of medical examiners.
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           (n) The state board of nursing.
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           (o) The board of examiners of nursing care institution administrators
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     and adult care home managers.
13
           (p) The board of occupational therapy examiners.
14
           (p)
               The state board of dispensing opticians.
15
           (r)
               The state board of optometry.
16
           (s) The Arizona board of osteopathic examiners in medicine and
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     surgery.
18
           (t) The Arizona peace officer standards and training board.
19
           (u) The Arizona state board of pharmacy.
20
           (v) The board of physical therapy examiners.
21
           (w) The state board of podiatry examiners.
22
           (x) The state board for private postsecondary education.
23
           (y) The state board of psychologist examiners.
24
           (z) The board of respiratory care examiners.
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           (aa) The structural pest control commission AGENCY.
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           (bb)
                The state board of technical registration.
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           (cc)
                The Arizona state veterinary medical examining board.
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                The acupuncture board of examiners.
           (dd)
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                The Arizona regulatory board of physician assistants.
           (ee)
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           (ff)
                The board of athletic training.
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               The board of massage therapy.
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           Sec. 25. Reorganizing and restructuring structural pest control
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                      regulation; advisory committee; transition
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                       committee; report
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           A. The acting director of the structural pest control agency shall
     evaluate the necessity and advisability of reorganizing and restructuring the
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     regulation of the structural pest control industry in this state.
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           B. Pursuant to section 3-106, Arizona Revised Statutes, the director
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1. Shall appoint and consult with a structural pest control advisory

committee for counsel and recommendations relating to the evaluation and the

report required pursuant to subsection C of this section.

The Arizona state boxing commission.

The state board of chiropractic examiners.

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of the Arizona department of agriculture:

- 2. May appoint a separate transition advisory committee to consider, assist and make recommendations to the acting director of the structural pest control agency relating to issues arising in respect of any transition to a new organization or structure of this state's regulation of the structural pest control industry.
 - C. On or before November 15, 2009, the acting director shall:
 - 1. Issue a report of findings and recommendations.
- 2. Submit copies of the report to the governor, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the Arizona state library, archives and public records, the secretary of state and any other person requesting a copy.

Sec. 26. Succession

- A. As provided by this act, the structural pest control agency succeeds to the authority, powers, duties and responsibilities of the structural pest control commission.
- B. This act does not alter the effect of any action or impair the valid obligations of the structural pest control commission taken before the effective date of this act.
- C. Administrative rules and orders adopted by the structural pest control commission continue in effect until superseded by administrative action by the structural pest control agency.
- D. All administrative matters, contracts and judicial and quasi-judicial actions, whether completed, pending or in process, of the structural pest control commission on the effective date of the act are transferred to and retain the same status with the structural pest control agency.
- E. All certificates, licenses, registrations, permits and other indicia of qualification and authority that were issued by the structural pest control commission retain their validity for the duration of their terms of validity as provided by law.
- F. All equipment, records, furnishings and other property, all data and investigative findings and all appropriated monies that remain unexpended and unencumbered on the effective date of this act of the structural pest control commission are transferred to the structural pest control agency.
- G. All personnel who are under the state personnel system and employed by the structural pest control commission are transferred to comparable positions and pay classification in the structural pest control agency on the effective date of this act.

Sec. 27. Delayed repeal

Title 32, chapter 22, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed from and after December 31, 2010.

Sec. 28. Emergency

This act is an emergency measure that is necessary to preserve the public peace, health or safety and is operative immediately as provided by law.

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